# Computability Assignment Year 2012/13 - Number 1 

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## 1 Question

Define a binary property $p(x, y)$ over natural numbers such that we have both

1. $\forall x \in \mathbb{N} . \exists y \in \mathbb{N} . p(x, y)$
2. $\neg \exists y \in \mathbb{N} . \forall x \in \mathbb{N} . p(x, y)$

Provide a definition for $p$, and a proof for the above claims.

### 1.1 Answer

Write your answer here.
The property could be $p(x, y)=y>x$

1. $\forall x \in \mathbb{N} . \exists y \in \mathbb{N} . y>x$

Proof:
Take any $x \in \mathbb{N}$
let $y=x+1$, such $y \in \mathbb{N}$ and
$y>x \Longrightarrow x+1>x$, which is true for all $x$.

1. $\neg \exists y \in \mathbb{N} . \forall x \in \mathbb{N} . y>x$

Proof:
(by contradiction)
Let's assume that $\exists y \in \mathbb{N} . \forall x \in \mathbb{N} . y>x$
this means that there exists at least one $y \in \mathbb{N}$ which is greater than all $x \in \mathbb{N}$
in other words, there is one natural number which is greater than all the other natural numbers,
since the natural numbers are infinite such $y$ can not exist, therefore contradiction.

