

Course “Formal Methods”
TEST

Roberto Sebastiani
DISI, Università di Trento, Italy

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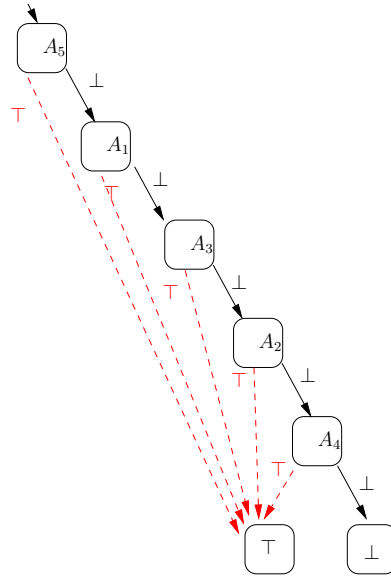
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1

Given the following OBDD, with the ordering $\{ A_5, A_1, A_3, A_2, A_4 \}$,



for each of the following Boolean formulas, say whether the OBDD represents it or not.

- (a) $(\neg A_5 \rightarrow (\neg A_1 \rightarrow (\neg A_3 \rightarrow (\neg A_2 \rightarrow A_4))))$
- (b) $(A_2 \vee A_1 \vee A_5 \vee A_3 \vee A_4)$
- (c) $(A_3 \wedge A_5 \wedge A_4 \wedge A_1 \wedge A_2)$
- (d) $(A_5 \rightarrow (A_1 \rightarrow (A_3 \rightarrow (A_2 \rightarrow \neg A_4))))$

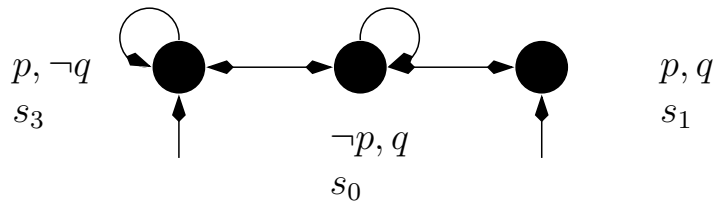
[SCORING [0...100]:

- +25pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

]

2

Consider the following Kripke Model M :



For each of the following facts, say if it is true or false in LTL.

- (a) $M \models \mathbf{GF}p$
- (b) $M \models \mathbf{FG}\neg p$
- (c) $M \models p\mathbf{U}q$
- (d) $M \models (\mathbf{GF}\neg p \wedge \mathbf{GF}\neg q) \rightarrow p$

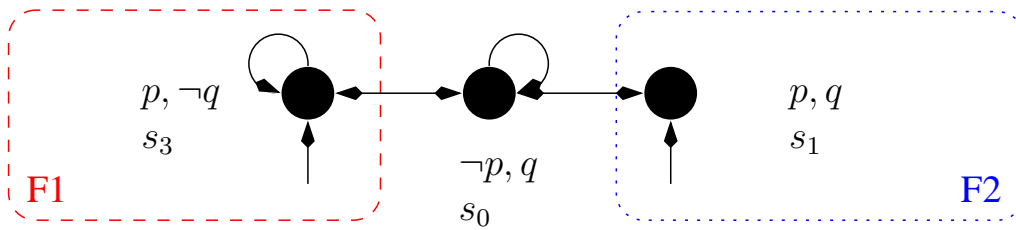
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- 0pts for each unanswered question

]

3

Consider the following fair Kripke Model M :



For each of the following facts, say if it is true or false in LTL.

- (a) $M \models \mathbf{GF}p$
- (b) $M \models \mathbf{FG}\neg p$
- (c) $M \models p\mathbf{U}q$
- (d) $M \models (\mathbf{GF}\neg p \wedge \mathbf{GF}\neg q) \rightarrow p$

[SCORING [0...100]:

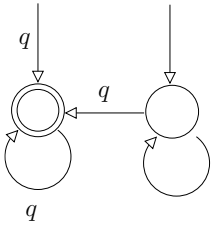
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- 0pts for each unanswered question

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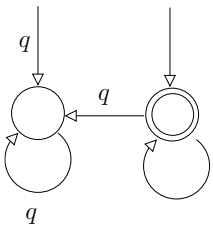
4

For each of the following fact regarding Buchi automata, say if it true or false.

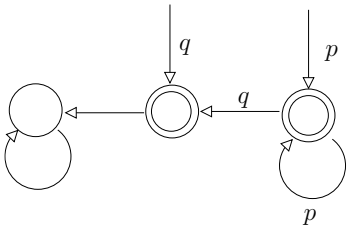
(a) The following BA represents $\mathbf{FG}q$:



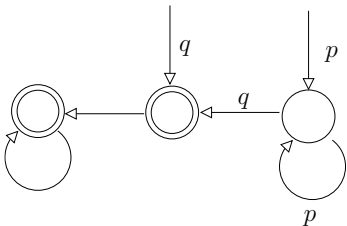
(b) The following BA represents $\mathbf{FG}q$:



(c) The following BA represents $p\mathbf{U}q$:



(d) The following BA represents $p\mathbf{U}q$:



[SCORING [0...100]:

- +25pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

]

5

Consider the following pair of ground and abstract machines M and M' :

<pre> M: MODULE main VAR v1 : boolean; v2 : boolean; v3 : boolean; ASSIGN init(v1) := FALSE; init(v2) := TRUE; init(v3) := FALSE; TRANS (next(v1) <-> v2) & (next(v2) <-> v3) & (next(v3) <-> v1) </pre>	<pre> M': MODULE main VAR v1 : boolean; v2 : boolean; v3 : boolean; ASSIGN init(v1) := FALSE; init(v2) := TRUE; TRANS (next(v1) <-> v2) & (next(v2) <-> v3) </pre>
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For each of the following facts, say which is true and which is false.

- (a) M' simulates M .
- (b) M simulates M' .
- (c) For every Boolean property φ on $v1, v2$, if $M' \models \mathbf{G}\varphi$, then $M \models \mathbf{G}\varphi$,
- (d) For every Boolean property φ on $v1, v2$, if $M \models \mathbf{G}\varphi$, then $M' \models \mathbf{G}\varphi$,

[SCORING [0...100]:

- +25pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

]

6

Consider the following piece of a much bigger formula, which has been fed to a CDCL SAT solver:

$$\begin{aligned}
 c_1 &: \neg A_9 \vee A_{12} \vee \neg A_1 \\
 c_2 &: A_9 \vee \neg A_7 \vee \neg A_3 \\
 c_3 &: \neg A_{11} \vee A_5 \vee A_2 \\
 c_4 &: \neg A_{10} \vee \neg A_{12} \vee A_{11} \\
 c_5 &: \neg A_{11} \vee A_6 \vee A_4 \\
 c_6 &: \neg A_9 \vee A_{10} \vee \neg A_1 \\
 c_7 &: A_9 \vee A_8 \vee \neg A_3 \\
 c_8 &: \neg A_5 \vee \neg A_6 \\
 c_9 &: A_7 \vee \neg A_8 \vee A_{13} \\
 &\dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Suppose the solver has decided, in order, the following literals (possibly interleaved by others not occurring in the above clauses):

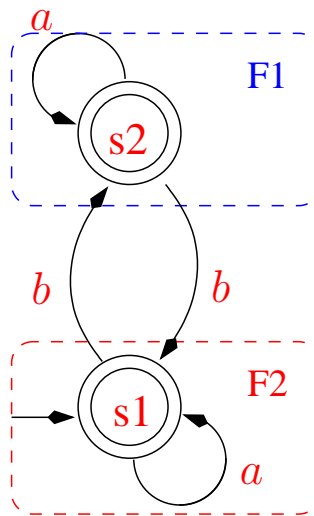
$$\{\dots, A_1, \dots, \neg A_2, \dots, \neg A_4, \dots, A_3, \dots, \neg A_{13}, \dots, A_9\}$$

- (a) List the sequence of unit-propagations following after the last decision, each literal tagged (in square brackets) by its antecedent clause
- (b) Derive the conflict clause via conflict analysis by means of the 1st-UIP technique
- (c) Using the 1st-UIP backjumping strategy, update the list of literals above after the backjumping step and the unit-propagation of the UIP

[SCORING: [0...100], 25 points each for correct answers to (a) and (c), 50 points for correct answer to (b). No penalties for wrong answers..]

7

Given the following generalized Büchi automaton $A \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \langle Q, \Sigma, \delta, I, FT \rangle$, $\{a, b\}$ being labels, with two sets of accepting states $FT \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{F1, F2\}$ s.t. $F1 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{s2\}, F2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{s1\}$:



convert it into an equivalent plain Büchi automaton.

[SCORING: [0...100], 100 pts for a correct answer. No penalties for a wrong answer.]

8

Consider the following LTL formula:

$$\varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\mathbf{F}r) \rightarrow (p\mathbf{U}q)$$

and the following three states of the construction of the tableau T_φ of φ :

$$S_1 : \langle q, p, \neg\mathbf{X}(p\mathbf{U}q), r, \mathbf{X}\mathbf{F}r \rangle$$

$$S_2 : \langle \neg q, p, \mathbf{X}(p\mathbf{U}q), r, \neg\mathbf{X}\mathbf{F}r \rangle$$

$$S_3 : \langle q, \neg p, \neg\mathbf{X}(p\mathbf{U}q), \neg r, \neg\mathbf{X}\mathbf{F}r \rangle$$

For each of the following statements, say if it is true or false.

- (a) S_2 is a successor of S_1 in T_φ .
- (b) S_3 is a successor of S_2 in T_φ .
- (c) S_3 is an initial state of T_φ .
- (d) S_2 is an accepting state of T_φ .

[SCORING [0...100]:

- +25pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

]

[SCORING: [0...100], 25 pts for each correct answer. No penalties for wrong answers.]

9

Given the following LTL Model Checking problem $M \models \varphi$ expressed in NuSMV input language:

```
MODULE main
VAR x : boolean; y : boolean;
INIT (!x & !y)
TRANS (next(x) <-> !x) & (next(y) <-> (x<->y))

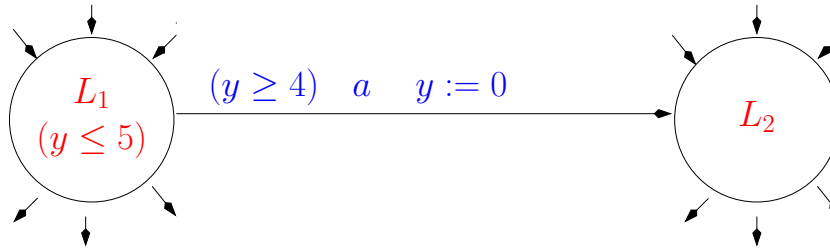
LTLSPEC G (x<->y)
```

1. Write a Boolean formula corresponding to the Bounded Model Checking problem with $k = 2$.
2. Is there a solution? If yes, find the corresponding execution.
3. From the answers of questions 1) and 2) we can deduce
 - (a) that $M \models \varphi$.
 - (b) that $M \not\models \varphi$.
 - (c) nothing.

[SCORING: [0...100], 50 pts for question 1, 25pts each for questions 2, 3. No penalties for wrong answers..]

10

Consider the following switch e in a timed automaton:



and consider the zone $Z1 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \langle L_1, \varphi \rangle$ s.t

$$\varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (x \geq 0) \wedge (x \leq 2) \wedge (y \geq 1) \wedge (y \leq 3) \wedge (y - x \leq 2).$$

Compute $\text{succ}(\varphi, e)$, displaying the process in a cartesian graph.

[SCORING: [0...100], 100 pts for a correct answer, -33 pts for a wrong answer, 0pts if unanswered..]