Course "Automated Reasoning" TEST

Roberto Sebastiani DISI, Università di Trento, Italy

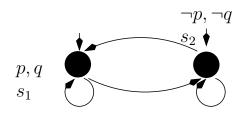
July 7^{th} , 2022

Name (please print):

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Surname (please print):

Consider the following Kripke Model M:



For each of the following facts, say if it is true or false in CTL^{*}.

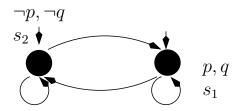
- (a) $M \models \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{GF}p \to \mathbf{GF}q)$
- (b) $M \models \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{GF}p)$
- (c) $M \models \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{F}\mathbf{G}\neg p)$
- (d) $M \models \mathbf{A}(\neg p\mathbf{U}q)$

[SCORING [0...100]:

- +25 pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

$\mathbf{2}$

Consider the following Kripke Model M:



For each of the following facts, say if it is true or false in CTL.

- (a) $M \models \mathbf{EG}p$
- (b) $M \models \mathbf{AF} \neg p$
- (c) $M \models \mathbf{AGAF}q$
- (d) $M \models \mathbf{E}(\neg p\mathbf{U}q)$

- +25pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- Opts for each unanswered question
-]

Let p, q be Boolean atoms. For each of the following LTL formulas, say if there exists a CTL formula representing the same property.

- (a) $\perp \mathbf{R}(\mathbf{F}q)$
- (b) $\top \mathbf{U}(\mathbf{G}q)$
- (c) $\mathbf{FG}p \rightarrow q$
- (d) $\mathbf{GF}p \to q$

]

- +25 pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

Consider CDCL SAT solving. For each of the following sentences, say if it is true or false.

- (a) Let φ be the CNF input Boolean formula, and C denote a generic clause learned during the process. Then $\varphi \models C$.
- (b) During the CDCL SAT solving process, the formula may contain an exponential number of learned clauses.
- (c) Let C be a conflict clause learned using the original backjumping&learning strategy. Then C contains at least one literal whose negation was unit-propagated in the current branch.
- (d) Let C be a conflict clause learned using the state-of-the-art backjumping&learning strategy. Then C contains at most one literal whose negation was unit-propagated in the current branch.

- +25 pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

$\mathbf{5}$

For each of the following facts regarding theories of interest for SMT, say if it is true or false

- (a) The theory of equality and uninterpreted function symbols (\mathcal{EUF}) is stably-infinite.
- (b) The theory of fixed-width bit-vectors (\mathcal{BV}) is stably-infinite.
- (c) The theory of linear arithmetic over the rationals (\mathcal{LRA}) is convex.
- (d) The theory of linear arithmetic over the integers (\mathcal{LIA}) is convex.

- +25 pts for each correct answer
- -25pts for each incorrect answer
- 0pts for each unanswered question

Consider the following CNF formula in PL:

- (a) Draw <u>the search tree</u> obtained by applying to the above formula the tableaux algorithm. Hint: <u>when no better choice is available</u>, clauses should be chosen in order, from top to down.
- (b) as a consequence, say if the formula is satisfiable or not.

[SCORING: [0...100], 75pts for a correct answer a), 25pts for correct answer b), no penalties for wrong answers.]

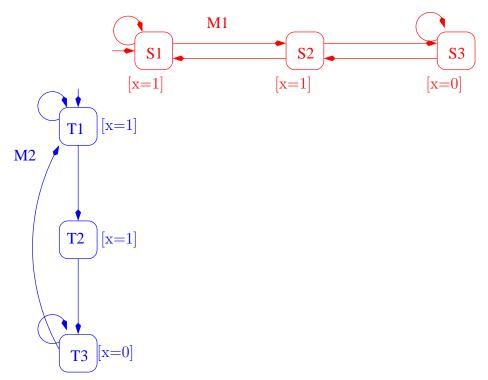
Consider the following simple $SMT(\mathcal{EUF} \cup \mathcal{LIA})$ formula:

$$\varphi \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} (x_1 - x_2 \ge 0) \land (x_1 - x_2 \le 0) \land (f(x_1) < f(x_2))$$

- (a) Purify the formula φ . Call φ' the resulting formula.
- (b) List the interface variables and interface equalities of φ' . (Order the variables as x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 .)
- (c) Using Nelson-Oppen technique, decide if the formula φ' is $\mathcal{EUF} \cup \mathcal{LIA}$ -satisfiable or not.

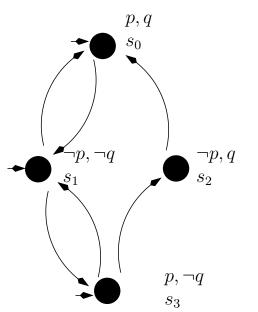
[SCORING: [0...100], 25pts each for (a) and (b); 50pts for (c). NO penalties for wrong answers..]

Consider the following two Kripke models M1 and M2, which share the variable x:



Compute and draw the graph of the synchronous product of M1 and M2. Note: unreachable and deadend states should be removed.

[SCORING: [0...100], 100 pts for a correct answer, no penalties for wrong anwers.]



Consider the following Kripke model M:

Convert it into an equivalent Buchi automaton.

[SCORING: [0...100], 100 pts for a correct answer, no penalties for wrong anwers.]

Consider the LTL formula $\varphi \stackrel{\text{\tiny def}}{=} (\neg p \mathbf{R} \neg q) \rightarrow \mathbf{G} r$

- (a) rewrite φ into Negative Normal Form
- (b) find the initial states of a corresponding Generalized Büchi Automaton (for each state, define the labels of the incoming arcs and the "next" section.)
- (c) How many distinct sets of accepting states will the final Generalized Büchi Automaton have?

[SCORING: [0...100], (a): +25pts for correct answer, (b) +50 points, (c) +25points. No penalties for wrong answers..]