# Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence Laboratory 

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## Exercise 3.10

- Apply both the iterative deepening depth-first search and the bidirectional search for reaching the goal ( $\mathrm{N}-17$ ) from the start ( $\mathrm{N}-0$ )



## Exercise 3.10 - Solution

- In order to avoid misunderstanding and to do not create confusion, we apply the algorithm as it is explained in the book without considering possible variants.
- Iterative deepening

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{d} 0=\{0\} \\
& \mathrm{d} 1=\{0,1,2,4,7,14\} \\
& \mathrm{d} 2=\{0,1,2,4,7,14,5,8,11\} \\
& \mathrm{d} 3=\{0,1,2,4,7,14,5,8,11,6,9,15\} \\
& \mathrm{d} 4=\{0,1,2,4,7,14,5,8,11,6,9,15,13,17\}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Exercise 3.10 - Solution

- In order to avoid misunderstanding and to do not create confusion, we apply the algorithm as it is explained in the book without considering possible variants.
- Bidirectional search (by applying breadth-first)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Step0 }=\{0\}\{17\} \\
& \text { Step1 }=\{0,1,2,4,7,14\}\{17,3,10,13,15,16\} \\
& \text { Step2 }=\{0,1,2,4,7,14,5,8,11\}\{17,3,10,13,15,16,9,12,11\}
\end{aligned}
$$

- Bidirectional search (by applying breadth-first)

```
Step0 = {0} {17}
Step1 = {0,1} {17,3}
Step2 = {0,1,5} {17,3,10}
Step3 = {0,1,5,6} {17,3,10,13}
Step4={0,1,5,6,9} {17,3,10,13,9}
```


## Exercise 3.11

- Apply the greedy best-first search strategy for finding the route from Lugoj to Bucharest.


| Arad | 366 | Mehadia | 241 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Bucharest | 0 | Neamt | 234 |
| Craiova | 160 | Oradea | 380 |
| Drobeta | 242 | Pitesti | 100 |
| Eforie | 161 | Rimnicu Vilcea | 193 |
| Fagaras | 176 | Sibiu | 253 |
| Giurgiu | 77 | Timisoara | 329 |
| Hirsova | 151 | Urziceni | 80 |
| Iasi | 226 | Vaslui | 199 |
| Lugoj | 244 | Zerind | 374 |

## Exercise 3.11 - Solution

- Apply the greedy best-first search strategy for finding the route from Lugoj to Bucharest.
- Initial state: Lugoj(244)

Step1, expanding Lugoj: Mehadia(241), Timisoara(329)
Step2, expanding Mehadia: Lugoj(244), Drobeta(242)
Step3, expanding Drobeta: Mehadia(241), Craiova(160)
Step4, expanding Craiova: Drobeta(242), Rimnicu Vilcea(193), Pitesti(100)
Step4, expanding Pitesti: Craiova(160), Rimnicu Vilcea(193), Bucharest(0)

## Exercise 3.12

- $A^{*}$ algorithm

```
WHILE (QUEUE not empty && first path not reach goal) DO
    Remove first path from QUEUE
    Create paths to all children
    Reject paths with loops
    Add paths and sort QUEUE (by f = cost + heuristic)
    IF QUEUE contains paths: P, Q
            AND P ends in node Ni && Q contains node Ni
            AND cost(P) \geq cost(Q)
    THEN remove P
IF goal reached THEN success ELSE failure
```


## Exercise 3.12

f = accumulated path cost + heuristic
$7{ }_{7}{ }^{7}$
QUEUE = path containing root
QUEUE = <S>


## Exercise 3.12

f = accumulated path cost + heuristic


Remove first path, Create paths to all children,
Reject loops and Add paths. SORT QUEUE by f
QUEUE = <SB,SA>


## Exercise 3.12

f = accumulated path cost + heuristic
Remove first path, Create paths to all children, Reject loops and Add paths. SORT QUEUE by f

QUEUE = <SA,SBC,SBG,SBA>


## Exercise 3.12



## Exercise 3.12

$\mathrm{f}=$ accumulated path cost + heuristic
Remove first path, Create paths to all children, Reject loops and Add paths. SORT QUEUE by f

QUEUE = <SBC,SBG,SAB>


## Exercise 3.12



## Exercise 3.12

$\mathrm{f}=$ accumulated path cost + heuristic

## S

Remove first path, Create paths to all children, Reject loops and Add paths. SORT QUEUE by f

## QUEUE = <SBCG,SBG>



## Exercise 3.12



## Exercise 3.12

$\mathrm{f}=$ accumulated path cost + heuristic


## Exercise 3.13

- Perform the A* Algorithm on the following figure. Explicitly write down the queue at each step.



## Exercise 3.13

- Step 1



QUEUE:
$\left.\right|^{8090}$

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 2


QUEUE:
SC
SA
SB

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 3


QUEUE:
SA
SCD
SB


## Exercise 3.13

- Step 4


QUEUE:
SAE
SCD
SB


## Exercise 3.13

- Step 5


QUEUE:
SAEF
SCD
SB
SAEB

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 6


QUEUE: SCD
SB
SAEFG
SAEFD

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 7


QUEUE:
SB
SAEFG
SCDF SCDB

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 8



## Exercise 3.13

- Step 9


QUEUE:
SBE
SBDF
SAEFG SBDC

## Exercise 3.13

- Step 10



## Exercise 3.13

- Step 11



## Exercise 3.14

- Design a genetic algorithm for solving a Sudoku puzzle.
- Provide the data structure needed and define the parameters.
- Define the fitness function.
- Define the selection operator.
- Define the crossover operator.
- Define the mutation operator.


## Exercise 3.14

- Design a genetic algorithm for solving a Sudoku puzzle.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 6 |  |  |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 4 |
| 3 |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |

