



Mathematical Logic - 2015

Propositional Logic: exercises

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Expansion Rules of Propositional Tableau

α rules

$$\frac{\phi \wedge \psi}{\begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \psi \end{array}}$$

$$\frac{\neg(\phi \vee \psi)}{\begin{array}{c} \neg\phi \\ \neg\psi \end{array}}$$

$$\frac{\neg(\phi \supset \psi)}{\begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \neg\psi \end{array}}$$

$\neg\neg$ -Elimination

$$\frac{\neg\neg\phi}{\phi}$$

β rules

$$\frac{\phi \vee \psi}{\begin{array}{c} \phi \mid \psi \end{array}}$$

$$\frac{\neg(\phi \wedge \psi)}{\begin{array}{c} \neg\phi \mid \neg\psi \end{array}}$$

$$\frac{\phi \supset \psi}{\begin{array}{c} \neg\phi \mid \psi \end{array}}$$

Branch Closure

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \phi \\ \neg\phi \end{array}}{X}$$

Tableaux: exercise 1

Is the the following formula satisfiable?

$$\neg((P \wedge Q) \rightarrow \neg\neg P)$$

$$(P \wedge Q)$$

$$\neg\neg\neg P$$

$$\neg P$$

$$P$$

$$Q$$

$$X$$

Tableaux: Exercise 2

Is the following formula valid? (and satisfiable?)

$$((P \vee Q) \wedge \neg P)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (P \vee Q) \\ \neg P \\ P \quad Q \\ X \end{array}$$

Tableaux: Exercise 3

Is the following formula satisfiable?

$$\neg((P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (P \wedge Q \rightarrow R) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R))$$

$$(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (P \wedge Q \rightarrow R)$$

$$\neg(P \rightarrow R)$$

$$(P \rightarrow Q)$$

$$(P \wedge Q \rightarrow R)$$

$$P$$

$$\neg R$$

$$\neg P$$

$$Q$$

$$X$$

$$\neg(P \wedge Q)$$

$$R$$

$$X$$

$$\neg P$$

$$\neg Q$$

$$X$$

$$X$$



Tableaux: Exercise 4

Is the following argumentation valid?

$$P \vee Q, P \vee \neg Q \vdash \neg\neg P$$

	$P \vee Q$		
	$P \vee \neg Q$		
	$\neg\neg P$		
	$\neg P$		
P		Q	
X			
	P		$\neg Q$
	X		X

Tableaux: Exercise 5

Check the model for the following formula:

$$\neg(P \vee Q \rightarrow P \wedge Q)$$

			$(P \vee Q)$		
			$\neg(P \wedge Q)$		
		P		Q	
	$\neg P$		$\neg Q$	$\neg P$	$\neg Q$
	X				X

$I(P) = \text{True}; I(Q) = \text{False}$

$I(P) = \text{False}; I(Q) = \text{True}$

Tableaux: Exercise 6

Is the following argumentation valid?

$$P, (P \rightarrow Q) \vdash P \leftrightarrow Q$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P \\ P \rightarrow Q \\ \neg(P \leftrightarrow Q) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \neg P \\ X \end{array}$$

$$Q$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P \\ \neg Q \\ X \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Q \\ \neg P \\ X \end{array}$$

Reduction in CNF

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CNF}(p) &= p \quad \text{if } p \in \mathcal{P} \\ \text{CNF}(\neg p) &= \neg p \quad \text{if } p \in \mathcal{P} \\ \text{CNF}(\phi \rightarrow \psi) &= \text{CNF}(\neg\phi) \otimes \text{CNF}(\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\phi \wedge \psi) &= \text{CNF}(\phi) \wedge \text{CNF}(\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\phi \vee \psi) &= \text{CNF}(\phi) \otimes \text{CNF}(\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\phi \equiv \psi) &= \text{CNF}(\phi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge \text{CNF}(\psi \rightarrow \phi) \\ \text{CNF}(\neg\neg\phi) &= \text{CNF}(\phi) \\ \text{CNF}(\neg(\phi \rightarrow \psi)) &= \text{CNF}(\phi) \wedge \text{CNF}(\neg\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\neg(\phi \wedge \psi)) &= \text{CNF}(\neg\phi) \otimes \text{CNF}(\neg\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\neg(\phi \vee \psi)) &= \text{CNF}(\neg\phi) \wedge \text{CNF}(\neg\psi) \\ \text{CNF}(\neg(\phi \equiv \psi)) &= \text{CNF}(\phi \wedge \neg\psi) \otimes \text{CNF}(\psi \wedge \neg\phi) \end{aligned}$$

Convert a formula in CNF

$$\square \neg(\neg p \vee q) \vee (r \rightarrow \neg s)$$

$$\neg(\neg p \vee q) \vee (\neg r \vee \neg s)$$

$$(\neg\neg p \wedge \neg q) \vee (\neg r \vee \neg s)$$

$$(p \wedge \neg q) \vee (\neg r \vee \neg s) \text{ NNF}$$

$$(p \vee \neg r \vee \neg s) \wedge (\neg q \vee \neg r \vee \neg s)$$

$$\square (C \rightarrow \neg A) \wedge \neg(B \wedge \neg A)$$

$$(\neg C \vee \neg A) \wedge \neg(B \wedge \neg A)$$

$$(\neg C \vee \neg A) \wedge (\neg B \vee \neg\neg A)$$

$$(\neg C \vee \neg A) \wedge (\neg B \vee \neg A)$$

Convert a formula in CNF

$$\square (A \wedge C) \rightarrow (C \rightarrow \neg A)$$

$$\neg(A \wedge C) \vee (C \rightarrow \neg A)$$

$$\neg(A \wedge C) \vee (\neg C \vee \neg A)$$

$$\neg A \vee \neg C \vee \neg C \vee \neg A$$

$$\neg A \vee \neg C$$

$$\square ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A) \rightarrow A$$

$$\neg(\neg(\neg A \vee B) \vee A) \vee A$$

$$\neg((A \wedge \neg B) \vee A) \vee A$$

$$\neg((A \vee A) \wedge (A \vee \neg B)) \vee A$$

$$\neg A \vee \neg(A \vee \neg B) \vee A$$

$$\neg(A \vee \neg B)$$

$$\neg A \wedge B$$