## DISI – UNIVERSITY OF TRENTO

# Master in Computer Science AA 2014/2015 Simulation and Performance Evaluation Simulation of a simple queuing network

Configuration for Gabriele Ciech

### **Arrival Process**

Customers arrive following a Rayleigh distribution with  $\sigma = 0.2$ , i.e., the interarrival times of customers are i.i.d. RV that follows the law

$$f_T(t) = \frac{t}{\sigma_2} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2\sigma^2}}; \quad t \ge 0; \quad \sigma = 0.2$$

#### Stations

QS1:  $-/G/1/\infty$ ; services follow a Weibull distribution with  $\lambda = 1$ ; k = 0.5, i.e., the interarrival times of customers are i.i.d. RV that follows the law

$$f_T(t) = \frac{k}{\lambda} \left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{k-1} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^k}; \quad t \ge 0; \quad \lambda = 1; \quad k = 0.5$$

QS2: –/M/4/20/FIFO; the average service time is  $T_s=2$ 

QS3: -/M/1/100/FIFO; average service rate  $\mu = 1$ .

#### Routing probabilities

 $p_{i,j}$  is the probability that a customer services in queue *i* goes to queue *j*.

		j		
		1	2	3
	1	0.0	1.0	0.0
i	2	0.0	0.0	1.0
	3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		$p_{ij}$		