# Logical Structures in Natural Language: Exercises Propositional Logic

#### Università di Trento

### 1 Truth Tables (in class)

Build the truth tables for the following formulas and decide whether they are satisfiable, or a tautology or a contradiction.

- $(\neg A \to B) \land (\neg A \lor B)$
- $P \to (Q \vee \neg R)$

## 2 Truth Tables & Reasoning (in class)

Build the truth tables for the following entailments and decide whether they are valid

- 1.  $P \lor Q \models Q$
- 2.  $P \to Q, Q \to R \models P \to R$
- 3.  $P \rightarrow Q, Q \models P$
- 4.  $P \rightarrow Q \models \neg(Q \rightarrow P)$

# 3 Formalization and Reasoning (in class)

Verify whether the following arguments are valid: (i) Represent the arguments formally by starting from atomic formulae; (ii) Use the truth tables to show the validity of the argument; (iii) Build a counter-example if the argument is not valid (build a model in which the premises are true and the conclusion is false.)

- 1. If Paul lives in Dublin, he lives in Ireland. Paul lives in Ireland. Therefore Paul lives in Dublin.
- 2. If the temperature and air pressure remained constant, there was no rain. The temperature did remain constant. Therefore, if there was rain then the air pressure did not remain constant.

## Solutions

#### 3.1 Exercise: Truth Tables

$$(\neg A \to B) \land (\neg A \lor B)$$

The formula is satisfied by  $\mathcal{I}_1$  and  $\mathcal{I}_3$  and falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_2$  and  $\mathcal{I}_4$ .

$$P \to (Q \vee \neg R)$$

The formula is falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_3$  and satisfied by all the other interpretations.

#### 3.2 Exercise: Truth Tables and Reasoning

$$P \lor Q \models Q$$

The entailment is not valid:  $\{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_2, \mathcal{I}_3\} \not\subseteq \{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_3\}$ , it is falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_2$ .

$$\{P \to Q, Q \to R\} \models P \to R$$

The entailment is valid.

$$\{P \to Q, Q\} \models P$$

The entailment is not valid:  $\{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_3\} \not\subseteq \{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_2\}$ , it is falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_3$ .

$$P \to Q \models \neg(Q \to P)$$

The entailment is not valid:  $\{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_3, \mathcal{I}_4\} \not\subseteq \{\mathcal{I}_3\}$ , it is falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_1$  and  $\mathcal{I}_4$ .

#### Exercise: Formalization and Reasoning

1.

- d: Paul lives in Dublin,
- i: Paul lives in Ireland

$$d \to i, i \models d$$

	d	i	$d \rightarrow i$	i	d	=
$\mathcal{I}_1$	Τ	Τ	T	Т	T	Τ
$\mathcal{I}_2$	Т	F	F	F	$\mid T \mid$	T T F
$\mathcal{I}_3^*$	$\mathbf{F}$	Т	Т	Т	F	F
$\mathcal{I}_4$	$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	F	F	Т

The entailment is not valid  $\{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_3\} \not\subseteq \{\mathcal{I}_1, \mathcal{I}_2\}$ , it is falsified by  $\mathcal{I}_3$ .

2.

- t: The temperature remained constant
- a: The air pressure remained constant
- r: there is rain

$$(t \land a) \rightarrow \neg r, t \models r \rightarrow \neg a$$

	t	a	r	$(t \land a) \to \neg r$	t	$r \rightarrow \neg a$	=
$\mathcal{I}_1$	Т	Т	Т	F	Т	F	T
$\mathcal{I}_2$	T	$\mid T \mid$	F	T	T	T	T
$\mathcal{I}_3$	Т	F	Т	T	Т	T	Т
$\mathcal{I}_4$	T	F	F	T	T	Т	Т
$\mathcal{I}_5$	F	$\mid T \mid$	T	T	F	F	T
$\mathcal{I}_6$	F	$\Gamma$	F	${ m T}$	F	T	T
$\mathcal{I}_7$	F	F	$\Gamma$	$\Gamma$	F	T	T
$\mathcal{I}_8$	F	F	F	Т	F	Т	Т

The entailment is valid  $\{\mathcal{I}_2,\mathcal{I}_3,\mathcal{I}_4\}\subseteq\{\mathcal{I}_2,\mathcal{I}_3,\mathcal{I}_4,\mathcal{I}_6,\mathcal{I}_7,\mathcal{I}_8\}$